The Little Falls Historical Museum

By LOUIS W. BAUM, Jr.

LITTLE FALLS - The historic old bank building, currently the home of the Little Falls Historical Society, is a survivor. Constructed in 1833 at a cost of approximately \$3,000 on a lot purchased from Dudley Burwell, it was the first bank in Herkimer County.

Built of native rock and dressed limestone, it has pillars made from a single stone — the same stone used in St. Mary's (now Holy Family) and Emmanuel Episcopal churches, During the 1870s it served as the center of the national cheese trading markets. During the ensuing years, it was the home of the local Red Cross, D.J. Dineen's Mortuary Parlor, Little Falls National bank, used as the Railway Express office and Lovenheim's dry goods store. It was purchased by Urban Renewal in 1964 and was slated to be demolished to become part of the parking lot for a new bank.

Citizens interested in the rich history of Little Falls fought hard to prevent this from happening. The group headed by Edward Cooney, Mary Louise Cooney, Lyda Loucks, Mary Grace, Robert McEvoy, Fred Sabin, John Gallagher and John George received a provisional charter from the University of the State on New York Education Department on April 26, 1963, and an absolute charter five years later.

Other prominent citizens contributing to the museum's preservation and the society's formation included Natalie Derby, Ralph Van Horn and Harold Sperbeck. The building was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1970 - one of the first in the area to be so honored. Purchased by the Little Falls Historical Society in 1977, it was carefully restored to its present grandeur over a seven year period and, since 1985, has served as the depository for the society's collections.

The Little Falls Historical Society charter states: "This museum exists to discover, collect, display and conserve data, documents and artifacts that are a part of the history of Little Falls and to maintain an institution on educational useful-

The members of the society have . been faithful to that task through the years as they have amassed articles of significant historical importance to the greater Little Falls community

Perhaps the "crown jewel" of the collection is the original land grant patent issued on May 30, 1755, to John Jost Schnell and Jacob Zimmerman. The grant contained 3,600 acres of land north of the Mohawk River across from the General Herkimer home. In 1752 Schnell and Zimmerman joined forces to repurchase land from the Indians after a 1733/4 deed was deemed invalid. The 1755 patent in our collection was signed by the Bear, Turtle and Wolf clans of the Mohawk 1811 Towards Our Bicentennial 2011 Little Falls Historical Society

tribe of the Iroquois Confederacy, and has the wax seal of King George II of England.

An even older document, although not as famous, is the Map of Fall Hill Patent which was granted to Jost Herkimer, the father of General Nichols Herkimer. The map was drawn by an early Palatine, Hendrick Frey, in 1752. The museum also contains an interesting hand written letter dated Aug. 10, 1755 ,and signed by W. Shirley. The letter was an order for Captain Marcus Petri to report for military duty. Shirley stated, "I have this day appointed you Captain, immediately to proceed to the west end of the Canoeing Place from the Mohawk River to the Wood Creek ..." For his service Petri was allowed two shillings per day in New York currency and had to provide his own clothing, provisions, arms and ammunition. The Petris were one of the original Palatine families to settle in the area in 1723 as a part of the Burnetsfield Patent which was issued on April 30, 1725.

Little Falls history is entwined with that of waterways - the Mohawk River, Western Inland Navigation Canal and the Erie Canal (1823). The museum has a canceled New York state stock certificate dated April 1817 which was issued in order to obtain money for building the original Erie and Champlain canals. The society's collection has a large number of maps of the village, city and the surrounding area. The oldest map is a hand colored Turnpike Map" drawn by Sabra Arnold in August 1821. She later married Solomon Petrie, descendent of Jost Petrie, builder of the first mill in Little Falls in 1725.

An indenture dated March 3, 1809, conveys 68 acres of fertile land in the town of Minden to Jacob and Gertrude Eacker from Jacob Fox for the sum of \$750. The indenture details the property boundaries in surveying terms common to the time period.

The oldest church in Little Falls, the Octagon Church, was started in 1796 on land donated by John Porteus. It took several years to complete construction. The eight sides of the building denoted that it was intended for all denominations, and it was used in this manner for

As congregations grew in size, many denominations built their

own churches. The structure was torn down in 1842. However, we do have some artifacts remaining from the old Octagon Church. A six foot deacon's bench is still in splendid condition, as is a Bible, known as the "Brown Bible," found in the yard of the church. The only remaining part of the building itself is a small scrap of wood saved when the church was demolished. The museum has an oil painting of the church, a commemorative plate and a small model of the building made by the high school Yorker

The Indian Castle Church was erected in 1769 as an Indian mission church on land donated by Joseph and Molly Brant. The church was constructed under the direction and expense of Sir William Johnson, superintendent of Indian Affairs for the northern colonies. The museum has the old pewter Communion service from the church.

William Morrallee came to Little Falls from his native England in 1801. The museum has in its collection the bell used by Morrallee to Falls in 1832.

facts from this era. A German Bible Manufacturing Company. from 1857 was the property of Martions and hundreds of pages of der. newspaper articles containing ex- The collection at the Little Falls

Herkimer County and Little Falls band uniform, to a large drum proaround 1800 as a means of preserv- :laiming the local Ukrainian band,

ing milk. Little Falls was the center of the national cheese market in 1875. Artifacts in the museum include many photos, cheese marking stamps, receipts, cheese trier made by D.H. Burrell Co. for sampling cheese, Rennet tablets produced at Hansen's Laboratories, cheese boxes, books and other related paraphernalia.

In the late 1800s and early 1900s the implements used throughout the home and kitchen differed significantly from those used today. We have on display flat irons, coffee call together people in the streets for grinders, a soapstone, industrial preaching meetings. This was the irons, a kraut shredder, a rug beginning of Methodism in Little stretcher, a potato ricer, a butter ladle, a cherry pitter, a chopper, a Little Falls' role in the Civil War spatula, a donut cutter, candle is well chronicled in the book, "Dis- molds and corn poppers. On display tant Drums," by Little falls author also is a convertible highchair man-David Krutz. We have many arti- ufactured in 1859 by the Casler

The Little Falls Hospital has been garet Davis whose ancestors were an important part of our commu-Palatines Phillip and Eliza Helmer, nity since 1873. A Nurses Training A beautiful foot-high 1840 era chi- School was established in 1897 and na doll was donated by Mrs. Edith existed until 1928. The museum has Eaton. Of particular interest is a 36- many artifacts and photographs star American flag dating back to relating to both facilities. Little 1864 when Nevada was admitted to Falls became a manufacturing centhe Union. On display are Civil ter when the waterpower of the War caps, cartridge boxes, powder rapids was harnessed. Among the horns, cannon balls, shot pouches, most famous of our factories was a pistol holder, mini balls (found on H.P. Snyder Company a premier Flint Avenue in 1882 during con- manufacturer of bicycles and velocistruction of the West Shore Rail- pedes sold throughout the world. road), muskets and rifles including The company was established in an 1862 British Enfield rifle. The 1895, and we have several bicycles museum also contains World War in our collection, the oldest being an I and II uniforms, helmets, gas 1897 "Swell Newport" on loan from masks, caps, medals, gaiters, Jesse Snyder Huberty, great-grandgrenades, mess kits, commenda- daughter of founder Homer P. Sny-

ploits of local servicemen and Historical Museum is eclectic and spans the years. From a 1960s era Cheese making began in Little Falls High School marching

to original Bartlett prints depicting the locale in the 1800s, to a large display of Little Falls diamonds and wedding gowns and period clothing covering many years. Maps, maps and even more maps in all sizes from the 1700s to 2010 showing the changes in the community are on display or in storage. Oil paintings on display include those of Mrs. J.J. Gilbert, William G. Milligan and Sarah Osborne Rich-

Our building was the first home of the Herkimer County National Bank. Our collection contains a one dollar bill issued by this bank in 1862 signed by its president, H.P. Alexander, and cashier, A.G. Story. The bill was donated by Judge Edmund McCarthy. Also on display is the original notice of application to establish the bank found in the Dec. 29, 1829, edition of "The People's Friend and Little Falls Gazette."

Occupying a prominent place behind the museum is the last remaining Frog watering trough in Little Falls. Made in 1878 by the local Reddy Foundry, it was a landmark at the intersection of West John and West Main streets watering both man and beast. Inside the museum is a section of a wooden water pipe used in the village approximately 150 years ago, and a metal coupler used to fasten sections of wooden pipe together.

Our collection includes thousands of photographs of all facets of life in Little Falls, its history and its citizens as they spread throughout the world. One is a 4 feet by 2 feet panoramic view of Little Falls taken from Overlook by famous photographer William H. Jackson in 1890. Another 1890 Jackson photo shows four trains abreast on the Gulf Curve with Moss Island, the Mohawk River, Fall Hill Rollway and the industrial area of the city in the background. A favorite is the fourth grade class at Benton Hall on April 10, 1910.

No collection or museum would be complete without records. The Little Falls Historical Museum has the "Cooney Files." Compiled by long-time city Historian Edward Cooney and others, the files consist of nearly one hundred volumes of newspaper clippings from the 1880s to the 1970s. All the files have been indexed both by year and by subject. More recent articles of local interest are also filed by subject. These files, along with cemetery records and obituaries, are available for genealogical purposes. Also on hand are complete collections of Little Falls High School and St. Mary's Academy yearbooks dating back to the 1920s which have been indexed by name and graduating class. Many other scrapbooks on a wide variety of subjects of local interest are at the museum.

The Little Falls Historical Society continues its mission - to keep our unique and rich history alive for our future generations. The old bank building is our treasure - it continues to survive.

Little Falls - where history lives.

Louis Baum is president of the Little Falls Historical Society

